

**Indian Statistical Institute**  
**M. Math 2nd year**  
**Academic year 2022-2023**  
**Backpaper Examination**  
**Course: Special Topics in Geometry: Harmonic maps**  
**07 - 06 - 2023**  
**3 hours**

- *Answer as many questions as you can.*
- *You may use results proved in class, but make sure to state them clearly.*
- *Maximum marks is 100.*

1. Let  $M_n(\mathbb{R})$  denote the vector space of  $n \times n$  real matrices equipped with the operator norm.

Let  $f : M_n(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined by  $f(A) := \det A$  for  $A \in M_n(\mathbb{R})$ .

Show that  $f$  is differentiable and compute the derivative  $Df_A : M_n(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  for any invertible  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$ .

(12 marks)

2. Let  $F : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a  $C^2$  function. Suppose that  $D^2F_x(v, v) > 0$  for all  $v \in \mathbb{R}^n - \{0\}$  and for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . Suppose that  $F(x) \rightarrow +\infty$  as  $\|x\| \rightarrow \infty$ . Show that  $F$  has a unique minimum  $x_0$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . (14 marks)

3. Let  $M$  be a smooth manifold, let  $X$  be a complete vector field on  $M$  and let  $(\phi_t : M \rightarrow M)_{t \in \mathbb{R}}$  be the flow of  $X$ . Let  $\omega$  be a closed  $k$ -form on  $M$ , i.e.  $d\omega = 0$ . Let  $\sigma = \sum_{i=1}^m a_i c_i$  be a singular  $k$ -chain on  $M$  (where  $m \geq 1$ ,  $a_i \in \mathbb{R}$ , and  $c_i$  is a singular  $k$ -cube in  $M$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, m$ ). Suppose that  $\sigma$  is a cycle, i.e.  $\partial\sigma = 0$ . Show that there is a constant  $k \in \mathbb{R}$  such that

$$\sum_{i=1}^m a_i \cdot \int_{\phi_t \circ c_i} \omega = k$$

for all  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ . (12 marks)

4. Let  $M$  be a compact Riemannian manifold without boundary. Let  $f$  be a smooth function on  $M$  such that all integral curves of the gradient vector field  $\nabla f$  are geodesics. Show that  $f$  is constant. (12 marks)
5. Let  $M$  be a Riemannian manifold. Let  $p \in M$  and let  $y_1, \dots, y_n$  be normal coordinates near  $p$ . Let  $f$  be a smooth function on  $M$ .
- (a) Show that  $\nabla f(p) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f}{\partial y_i}(p) \frac{\partial}{\partial y_i p}$ .
- (b) Show that  $\Delta f(p) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y_i^2}(p)$ .
- (6+8 = 14 marks)
6. Let  $M, N$  be Riemannian manifolds. Let  $f : M \rightarrow N$  be a smooth map. Show that  $f$  is totally geodesic if and only if, for any  $p \in M$ , if  $u$  is a smooth convex function in a neighbourhood of  $f(p)$  in  $N$ , then  $u \circ f$  is convex in a neighbourhood of  $p$ . (18 marks)
7. Let  $M$  be a compact Riemannian manifold without boundary, and suppose the sectional curvature of  $M$  is nonpositive. Show that the higher homotopy groups  $\pi_n(M)$  are zero for all  $n \geq 2$ . (10 marks)
8. Let  $M$  be a compact Riemannian manifold without boundary, and suppose the sectional curvature of  $M$  is strictly negative everywhere. Let  $p \in M$ , and let  $a, b : [0, 1] \rightarrow M$  be loops based at  $p$ . Suppose that the corresponding elements of  $\pi_1(M, p)$  commute,  $[a] \cdot [b] = [b] \cdot [a]$ . Show that there is an element  $[c] \in \pi_1(M, p)$  and integers  $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$  such that  $[a] = [c]^m, [b] = [c]^n$ . (18 marks)